	Stage 1 Desired Results	
GOAL 2:	Transfer	
-Identify nutrition related issues and food	Students will be able to independently use their learning to	
policies that exist in Senegal and compare to	Assess the impact of public policy position on nutrition	
those in the USA	Develop an educational session related to agricultural challenges	
-Link the Wolof language to the political and	Contrast global and local food production	
social culture of the region	Meaning	
Objectives:	UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
Upon course completion all students will be	Students will understand that	-The country is divided into 12 ethnic groups,
able to:	-Although French is the official language,	how does this impact communication and
-Identify certain terms of the Wolof language	Wolof is the language spoken by most.	policy?
-Create a timeline showing the impacts of	-The country's largest economy is agriculture,	-What are the major agricultural industries in
political dominance and foreign policy on	with crops of millet, sorghum, rice, cotton,	Senegal?
contemporary existence	and sugar. Food processing is the largest	-What is the status of women relative to men
	industry, groundnut extraction, and fishing.	and are they protected by labor laws?
		-What are the key exported food products?
	Acquisition	
	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
	-Agricultural labor is divided among men,	-Determining the roles of women
	women, and children	-Understanding the socialization of the
	-Islamic customs dictate that men are head of	Senegalese culture (education, childrearing,
	households	and etiquette)
	Stage 2 – Evidence and Assessment	
Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence	
	PERFORMANCE TASK(S):	
-Writing rubrics	-Write a 2-page paper analyzing the impact of public policy on agriculture and nutrition.	
Discussion -Complete study questions related to labor laws in the USA compared to another co		s in the USA compared to another country
-Discussion		
-Discussion	(Senegal- see attachment).	
-Discussion		

Write a reflection paper on "A Day in the Life of a Senegalese Woman."

Stage 3 – Learning Plan

Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction

Description: Students will be involved in the analysis of public policy on food and nutrition. They will understand the agricultural challenges, policies, and foodstuffs that are produced and exported from Senegal. The historical dominance of Senegal has influenced its political leadership, social welfare, and environmental recovery. Students will be able to identify some of the historical development of food habits and the consequences of global colonization. The food processing industry accounts for about 43% of the industrial production, some of the issues with food technology and food distribution will be identified.

Rationale: This unit brings together several important concepts that would be beneficial to our General Education core:

- Cultural, social and political awareness
- Impact of political dominance on agriculture and agricultural policies

Length of Unit: This unit is approximately two-weeks in length (two-90 minute lectures).

Level: General Education Students, no pre-requisite required

Materials Needed: Text, The Cultural Politics of Food and Eating, JL Watson & ML Caldwell, 2005. Blackwell Publishing

Technology: Lectures taking place using PowerPoint presentations and discussion boards, may be taught as online instruction

Assessment/Rubric: Unit & Reflection Paper, and Discussion Interactions